

Load balancing based on star decomposition

Real values case

Variables at node u

- Load
- State = Out, Leaf, Center
- AvgGap // computed by AvgGap()
$$= \frac{\sum_{v \in N[u]} v.Load}{|N[u]|}$$
- p

Events at node u (ordered set of rules)

- Incoherent local gap
 - If $u.AvgGap \neq AvgGap()$ then $u.AvgGap := AvgGap()$;
- Become center
 - If $u.State = Out$ and $u.AvgGap > \varepsilon$ and $\forall v \in N(u): u.AvgGap \geq v.AvgGap$ then $u.State = Center$
- Incoherent center
 - If $u.State = Center$ and $u.AvgGap \leq \varepsilon$ or $\exists v \in N(u) : v.AvgGap > u.AvgGap$ then $u.State = Out$
- Become leaf
 - If $u.State = Out$ and $\exists v \in N(u) : v.State = Center$ then $u.State = Leaf$; $u.P = \text{random}(\{v \in N(u) : v.State = Center\})$;
- Incoherent leaf
 - If $u.State = Leaf$ and $u.P.State \neq Center$ then $u.P = \text{null}$; $u.State = Out$;
- Perform local equilibrium
 - If $u.State = Center$ and $\exists v \in N(u) : v.State = Leaf$ then $\text{Wait}(t \text{ (ms)})$ // collect new leaves
In transaction mode and compute new load value for u and its leave
 $u.State = Out$